

TM 2393 - TSB CAP4 W/TWEEN 80

INTENDED USE

For determining efficiency of sanitizaion of containers, equipment surfaces, water miscible cosmetics etc.

PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Tryptone Soya lecithin Broth with Tween 80 & Tamol is used for the detection and enumeration of microorganisms for products of sanitary importance, water miscible cosmetics and containing antimicrobials or preservatives.

COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr					
Part I						
Tryptone	17.000					
Peptone	2.500					
Soya peptone	3.000					
Sodium chloride	5.000					
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	2.500					
Dextrose(Glucose)	2.500					
Soya lecithin	5.000					
Part II						
Tamol	7.500					
Polysorbate 80 (Tween 80)	35.000					

PRINCIPLE

Tryptone, soya peptone and peptone provides carbonaceous and nitrogenous compounds, long chain amio acids, vtamins and other essential growth nutrients for the microorganisms. Dextrose (Glucose) is the source of carbohydrate. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic balance. Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate buffers the medium. Soya lecithin, polysorbate 80 (Tween 80) and tamol act as neutralizing agents that neutralizes the activity of antimicrobial agents. Lecithin and polysorbate 80 neutralizes quaternary ammonium compounds, parahydroxy benzoates and substituted phenolics.

INSTRUCTION FOR USE

- Suspend 37.5 grams of Part I in 800 ml purified / distilled water.
- Separately add 42.5 ml of Part II in 100 ml purified/ distilled water.
- Mix well and add to Part A solution. Make up the volume to 1000 ml. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.
- Mix well and dispense in tubes or flasks or as desired. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.
- Note: Medium may show haziness after sterilization but on cooling the medium becomes clear.

QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder : Part I: Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder.

Part II Yellow to amber viscous solution.

Appearance of prepared medium : Light to medium amber coloured, clear to slightly opalescent solution

pH (at 25°C) : 7.3±0.2











INTERPRETATION

Cultural characteristics observed after incubation.

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	6538	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	25923	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Escherichia coli	8739	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Escherichia coli	25922	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	9027	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27853	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Bacillus subtilis subsp. spizizenii	6633	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Micrococcus luteus	9341	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Salmonella Typhimurium	14028	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Streptococcus pneumoniae	6305	50 -100	Luxuriant	30 -35 °C	18-24 Hours
Candida albicans	10231	10 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=5 Days











Candida albicans	2091	10 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=5 Days
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	10 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=5 Days
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	6538	50 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=3 Days
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	25923	50 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=3 Days
Escherichia coli	8739	50 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=3 Days
Escherichia coli	25922	50 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=3 Days
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	9027	50 -100	Luxuriant	20 -25 °C	<=3 Days
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PACKAGING:

In pack size of 500 gm bottles.













STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

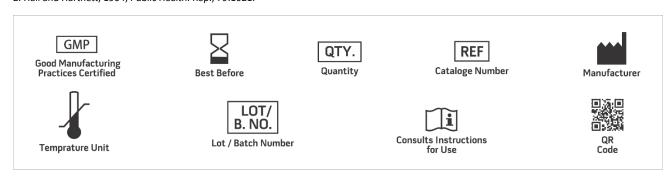
Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

REFERENCES

- 1. Murray PR, Baron, Pfaller, and Yolken (Eds.), 2003, In Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 8th ed., ASM, Washington, D.C.
- 2. Hall and Hartnett, 1964, Public Health. Rep., 79:1021.



NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices. *For Lab Use Only Revision: 08 Nov., 2019







