

# TM 2419 - VITAMIN FREE YEAST BASE

### **INTENDED USE**

For studying vitamin requirements of yeasts.

## **PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION**

Yeasts are unicellular, eukaryotic, budding cells that are generally round, oval or elongated in shape and are considered as opportunistic pathogens. They multiply principally by the production of blastoconidia (buds). Yeast colonies are moist and creamy or glabrous to membranous in texture. Moulds are microscopic, plant-like organisms, composed of long filaments called hyphae. Both are widely distributed in soil, water and air. Cultivation of yeasts and moulds becomes important in fermentation studies where they are generally used as starter cultures. Vitamin Free Yeast Base is recommended for classification of yeasts based on vitamin requirement. It contains all essential nutrients and necessary inorganic salts for the cultivation of yeasts. Use a highly diluted inoculum and incubate the tubes for 7 days at 25-28°C, since with the inoculum, vitamins may also be transported. Yeast themselves are also able to carry traces of vitamins, and therefore a second inoculation in Vitamin Free Yeast Base must be performed following the same procedure as for the first inoculation. Then incubate at 25-28°C for 7 days.

## COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr		
Ammonium sulphate	5.000		
Dextrose	10.000		
L-Histidine monohydrochloride	0.010		
DL-Methionine	0.020		
DL-Tryptophan	0.020		
Boric acid	0.0005		
Copper sulphate	0.00004		
Potassium iodide	0.0001		
Ferric chloride	0.0002		
Manganese sulphate	0.0004		
Sodium molybdate	0.0002		
Zinc sulphate	0.0004		
Monopotassium phosphate	1.000		
Magnesium sulphate	0.500		
Sodium chloride	0.100		
Calcium chloride	0.100		

#### PRINCIPLE

L-Histidine monohydrochloride, DL-methionine and DL-tryptophan are the amino acid sources. Dextrose is an energy source. Sodium chloride, magnesium sulphate and ammonium sulphate are sources of ions that simulate metabolism. Monopotassium phosphate buffers the medium. The trace elements provide inorganic salts for the cultivation of yeasts.

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### **INSTRUCTION FOR USE**

• Dissolve 16.75 grams in 1000 ml distilled water containing the desired vitamins.



- If necessary, warm slightly to effect complete solution.
- This is 10X medium.
- Sterilize by filtration and store in refrigerator.
- For use dilute 0.5 ml of this with 5 ml of sterile distilled water. Shake thoroughly before inoculation.

### **QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS**

Appearance of Powder	: White to cream homogeneous free flowing powder.
Appearance of prepared medium	: Colourless clear solution.
pH (at 25°C)	: 5.6±0.2

### **INTERPRETATION**

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation.

Microorganism	ATCC	lnoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Growth (w/ trace elements & vitamins)	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Kloeckera apiculata	9774	10-100	None-poor	Good-luxuriant	25-30°C	6-7 days
Saccharomyces uvarum	28098	10-100	None-poor	Good-luxuriant	25-30°C	6-7 days

### PACKAGING:

In pack size of 100 gm bottles.

## STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 2-8°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

**Product Deterioration:** Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

#### DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

### REFERENCES

1. Murray P. R., Baron E. J., Jorgensen J. H., Pfaller M. A., Yolken R. H., (Eds.), 8th Ed., 2003, Manual of Clinical Microbiology, ASM, Washington, D.C.

2. Wickerham L. J., 1951, Taxonomy of yeasts, Technical bulletin No. 1029, U.S. Dept. Agriculture.





NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices. \*For Lab Use Only Revision: 08 Nov., 2019

