

# TM 520 - HEART INFUSION BROTH (BEEF HEART INFUSION BROTH)

#### **INTENDED USE**

For isolation and cultivation of various fastidious microorganisms.

#### PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Fastidious organisms having exacting nutritional requirement could be cultivated on infusion media, as demonstrated by Huntoon. A liquid medium containing an infusion of meat was one of the first media used for the cultivation of bacteria. These infusion media need not be further supplemented by the addition of supplements for cultivation of fastidious bacteria. Heart Infusion Broth, containing infusion from beef heart is used for the isolation and cultivation of a wide variety of fastidious organisms. Heart infusion media can also be used for the cultivation of *Vibrio* species. Heart Infusion Broth can also be supplemented with glucose, horse serum and antibiotics for the cultivation a wide variety of organisms. Heart Infusion Broth can be used as a base to study carbohydrate fermentation. This medium was used for isolation and enumeration of haemolytic Streptococci in milk.

### **COMPOSITION**

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr	
Beef heart, infusion from	500.000	
Tryptose	10.000	
Sodium chloride	5.000	

#### **PRINCIPLE**

Tryptose and Beef heart, infusion from provide nutritional requirements for the pathogenic bacteria. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium of the medium.

## **INSTRUCTION FOR USE**

- Dissolve 25.0 grams in 1000 ml of distilled water.
- Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.
- Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.
- If desired 5% v/v sterile defibrinated blood may be added.
- Mix well and aseptically pour into sterile tubes or flasks as desired.

# **QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS**

**Appearance of Powder** : Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder.

Appearance of prepared medium : Basal medium: Light yellow coloured, clear to slightly opalescent solution. After

addition of 5% sterile defibrinated blood: Cherry red coloured, opaque solution

in tubes.

**pH (at 25°C)** : 7.4±0.2

# INTERPRETATION

Cultural characteristics observed with added 5%w/v sterile defibrinated blood, after an incubation.

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period	
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Escherichia coli	25922	50-100	Good-luxuriant	35 - 37°C	18-48 Hours
Neisseria meningitidis	13090	50-100	Good-luxuriant	35 - 37°C	18-48 Hours
Streptococcus pneumoniae	6303	50-100	Good-luxuriant	35 - 37°C	18-48 Hours
Streptococcus pyogenes	19615	50-100	Good-luxuriant	35 - 37°C	18-48 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	25923	50-100	Good-luxuriant	35 - 37°C	18-48 Hours

### **PACKAGING:**

In pack size of 100 gm and 500 gm bottles.

### **STORAGE**

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

**Product Deterioration:** Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

### **DISPOSAL**

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

### **REFERENCES**

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- 5. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.
- 6. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.
- 7. Salfinger Y., and Tortorello M.L. Fifth (Ed.), 2015, Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of
- 8. Foods, American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.
- 9. Wehr H. M. and Frank J. H., 2004, Standard Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Dairy Products, 17th Ed., APHA Inc., Washington, D.C.





































**NOTE:** Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices. \*For Lab Use Only

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