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# TM 523 - CARBON UTILIZATION AGAR (ISP MEDIUM NO. 9)

### **INTENDED USE**

For characterization of *Streptomyces* based on carbon utilization.

## PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

*Streptomyces* are a group of gram-positive bacteria belonging to *Actinobacteria* found in soil and decaying vegetation. Carbon Utilization Agar is developed as per International Streptomyces Project for the cultivation and differentiation of *Streptomyces purpureus* and other *Streptomyces* species based on carbohydrate utilization.

## COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr		
Ammonium sulphate	2.640		
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate	2.380		
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate trihydrate	5.650		
Magnesium sulphate heptahydrate	1.000		
Copper sulphate pentahydrate	0.0064		
Ferrous sulphate heptahydrate	0.0011		
Manganese chloride heptahydrate	0.0079		
Zinc sulphate heptahydrate	0.0015		
Agar	15.000		

#### PRINCIPLE

In this medium various salts provide the electrolytes and minerals essential for the growth of *Streptomyces* species. The carbohydrates used for the studies are glucose, sucrose, xylose, arabinose, inositol, mannitol, fructose, rhamnose, raffinose or cellulose.

## **INSTRUCTION FOR USE**

- Dissolve 24.83 of grams of dehydrated medium in 900 ml purified/distilled water.
- Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.
- Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.
- Cool to 45-50°C and aseptically add 100 ml of 10% filter sterilized desired carbohydrate solution.
- Mix well and dispense as desired.

# QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder	: Off-white to light yellow homogeneous free flowing powder.
Appearance of prepared medium	: Colourless, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates.
pH (at 25°C)	: 7.0±0.2

#### **INTERPRETATION**

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation with added 100ml/liter of 10% filter sterilized carbohydrate.

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# **PRODUCT DATA SHEET**



Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Recovery	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Streptomyces albus subsp albus	3006	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	30-32°C	48-72 Hours
Streptomyces Iavendulae	8664	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	30-32°C	48-72 Hours
Streptomyces peucetius	29050	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	30-32°C	48-72 Hours
Streptomyces purpureus	27787	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	30-32°C	48-72 Hours

#### PACKAGING:

In pack size of 100 gm and 500 gm bottles.

## STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

**Product Deterioration:** Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

#### DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

#### REFERENCES

1. Atlas R. M., 1993, Handbook of Microbiological Media, Parks L.C. (Ed .), CRC Press, Inc.

- 2. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.
- 3. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

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4. Shirling E. B. and Gottlieb D., 1966, Methods for Characterization of Streptomyces species, Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol., 16:313.

5. Subba Rao N. S., 1977, Soil Microorganisms and Plant Growth, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.





NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices. \*For Lab Use Only Revision: 08 Nov., 2019

